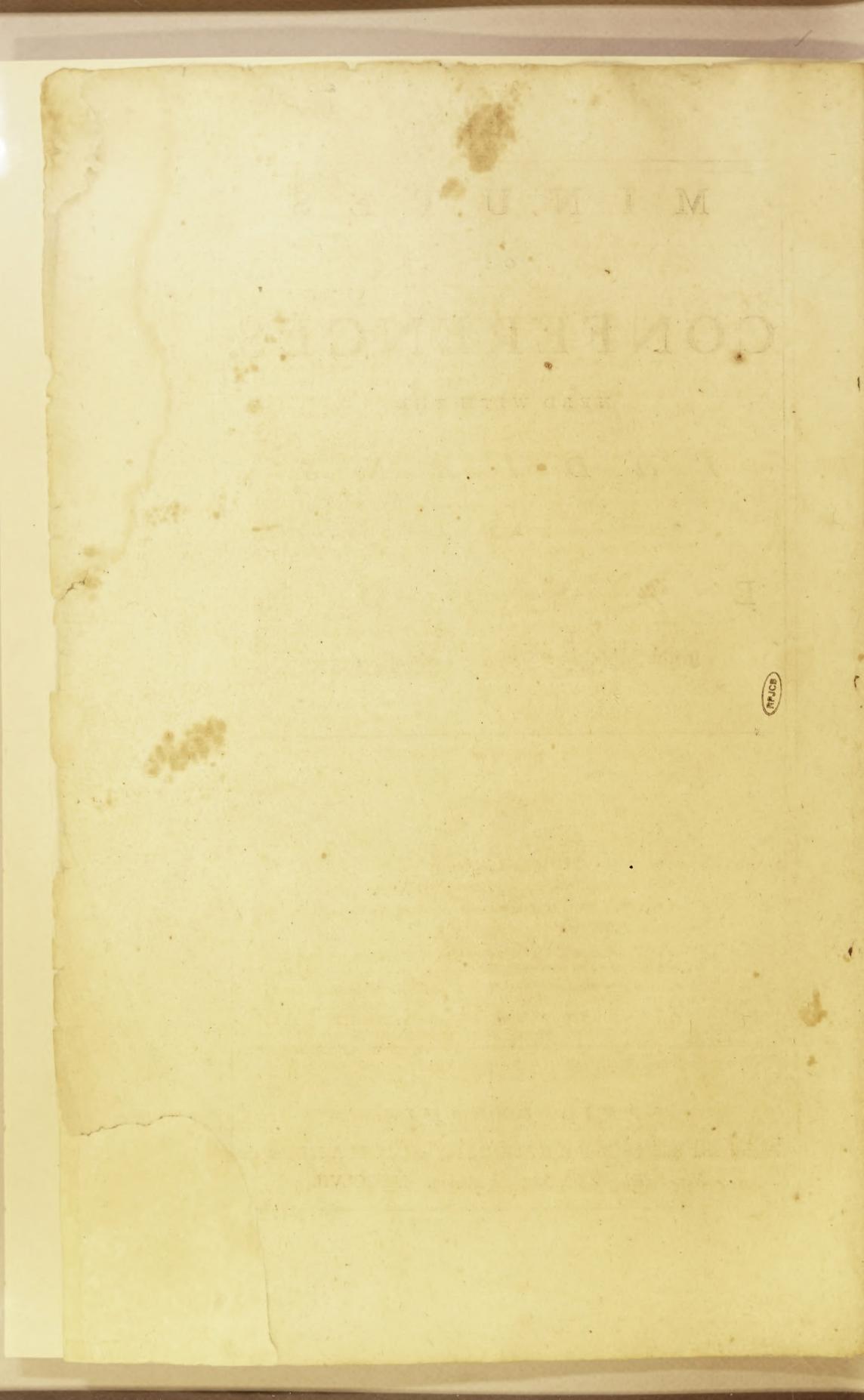
MINUTES OF CONFERENCES, HELD WITH THE INDIANS, A T S E N, T 0 A In the Months of July, and August, 1757.



# PHILADELPHIA: Printed and Sold by B. FRANKLIN, and D. HALL, at the New-Printing-Office, near the Market. MDCCLVII.



Minutes of Conferences, &c.

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At a MEETING with TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, living on Safquehannah, who is impowered by the ten following Nations, viz. Lenopi, Wename, Munfey, Mawhickon, Tiawco, or Nanticokes, and the Senecas, Onondagoes, Cayugas, Oneidoes, and Mohawks, to fettle all Differences fublishing between them and their Brethren the Englifh; and GEORGE CROGHAN, E/q; Deputy Agent to the Honourable Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON, Baronet, His MAJE-STY's fole Agent and Superintendent of the Affairs of the Six Nations, their Allies and Dependents, and Colonel of the Jame, at Eafton, the Twentyfifth Day of July, 1757.

P R E S E N. T,

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Efq; Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief of the Province of Pennfylvania, and the Counties of New-Caftle, Kent and Suffex, on Delaware.

JAMES HAMILTON,	LYN-FORD LARDNER,	Esquires, Members of the
WILLIAM LOGAN,	BENJAMIN CHEW,	Governor's Council.
RICHARD PETERS,	JOHN MIFFLIN,	Governor s Goundal.

ISAAC NORRIS, Efq; Speaker of the Houfe of Affembly. DANIEL ROBERDEAU, Efq; Member of the Affembly.

> WILLIAM MASTERS, JOHN HUGHES, JOSEPH FOX, JOSEPH GALLOWAY,

Esquires, Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen of the City of Philadelphia, and others, Inhabitants of this Province. Captain THOMAS MCKEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Efq; Interpreter for the Province. Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung. TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of the Ten Nations he represents.

[The Number of the Indians here at present, is about Three Hundred Men, Women and Children.]

Teedyuscung sent his Interpreter to call Mr. Charles Thompson to the Table, whom he had appointed his Clerk, to take down the Minutes of this Treaty.

The Governor opened the Conference, directing his Difcourse to Teedyuscung, and spoke as follows.

Brother, A M very glad to meet you once more with your People, and fome of your Uncles the Six Nations, according to your Agreement with me at this Place in November laft. The Number of Indians you have brought down with you on this Occafion, and the Pains you have taken to carry the News of our good Dispositions for Peace to fo great a Distance, confirms the good Opinion we have always had of you, and shews the Sincerity of the Professions you have made of your earnest Defire to restore the Friendship and Brotherly 1757.

therly Love that always fubfifted between us and the Indians, till your foolifh young Men - were feduced by the evil Spirit, and turned against us.

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# Brother Teedyuscung, and Brethren of the Ten-united-Nations,

We are now met together to finish, by the Affistance of the Almighty, the Great Work of Peace, and to make a new Chain of Friendship so bright, that it shall never rust, and so ftrong, that it shall never be in the Power of wicked Spirits to break it, that we may always hereafter be as one Man, with but one Heart and one Head. I invite you to join heartily and fincerely with me herein by this Belt.

# Gave a Belt.

#### Brother,

You may remember, that when we were here last Fall, I asked you what was the Caufe of the Breach between our Brethren the Delawares and us; whether we, the People of Pennsylvania, had done you any Injury; and defired you would open your Hearts, and tell me your Mind freely. In anfwer to this you told me, that your foolifh and ignorant young Men, when they faw the Proceedings of our Enemy, the French King, and believed the Things that were told them, were perfuaded by this false hearted King to strike your Brethren the English; and that the Cause why the Blow came the harder on us was, that the Proprietaries had defrauded you of fome of your Land, and that you had been treated in the fame Manner in the Jerfeys; but that this was not the principal Cause of your striking us. I was willing to enquire into the Truth of this Charge at that Time, but you declined it, becaufe few of the Indians then present originally owned those Lands; but said, that you would endeavour to bring as many of them down as you could find to the next Meeting.

#### Brother,

According to the Promise I made you at our last Treaty, I laid all our Proceedings before Sir William Johnson, who, you have been often told, is appointed by our Great King his fole Agent for Indian Affairs in this Diftrict, to take Care of them as a Father, that no one may wrong them. Sir William Johnson has fince deputed your and our Friend, Mr. George Croghan, who is well acquainted with your Affairs and Language, to act in his Behalf, to attend this Treaty, and enquire into every Grievance you may have fuffered, either from your Brethren of Pennfylvania, or the neighbouring Provinces.

#### Gave a String.

#### Brother,

I took Care also to fend Copies of our feveral Treaties with you to England, where they were laid before the King's Ministers, who, being defirous that Justice should be done you, ordered that Sir William Johnson should enquire into the Foundation of your Charge against this Province, in order that you may receive Satisfaction, in cafe any Injury has been done you.

## Brother,

I have freely opened my Heart to you, and am ready, with Mr. Croghan, His Majefty's Deputy Agent, whenever you think proper, to hear any Thing you may have to fay to us about the Grievances you may think you labour under from this Province.

Gave a String.

# When the Governor had ended his Speech, I spoke as follows.

Brother Teedyuscung, and you my Brethren the Sachems and Warriors of the Ten Nations you represent at this Meeting,

You have been informed by your Brother Onas, that the King of Great-Britain, your Father, has appointed Sir William Johnson, Baronet, to be His Majesty's chief Agent and Superintendent of the Affairs of the Six Nations, their Allies and Dependents in this Diffrict of America, and he has appointed me his Deputy, and ordered me to attend this Meeting, and hear any Complaints you have to make against your Brother Onas, in respect to his defrauding you of the Lands mentioned in the Conference you held with this Government last Fall in this Town; or any other Injuries you have received from any of His Majefty's Subjects in this Diftrict. I am now ready to hear what you have to fay; and I affure you, in the Name of Sir William Johnson, I will do every Thing in my Power to have all Differences amicably adjusted to your Satisfaction, agreeable to his Orders and Instructions to me.

## Gave a Belt.

When I had delivered my Speech, the Governor told Teedyuscung that we had done for the prefent; and that whenever he was ready to give an Anfwer, we should be ready to hear him. Then Teedyuscung replied, That he had fomething to fay now; and, addreffing himfelf to the Governor and me, spoke as follows.

#### Brethren,

I will let you know in a few Words what my Defire is. I kindly receive your Words this Day: They are true, and make my Heart glad. By this Belt (holding up a Belt) I let you know

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know I will fpeak To-morrow. I think it proper to fpeak my Mind with Opennefs. I think it my Duty to remember the Conduct of my foolifh young Men. I fee a great deal of Mifchief done. I will first begin with cleaning up the Blood that has been shed, and removing the dead Bodies out of the Way: After that, I will make known my Grievances. I remember what Sir *William Johnfon* faid to me by the Messens he fent to me: I fent back to him, by the same Messens, and defired him, as he was a wifer Man than I, and of greater Abilities, that he would be strong, and lend his Afsistance to cure this Wound. *Gave a Belt*.

When *Teedyufcung* had ended his Speech, he told the Governor he thought he fhould be ready to fpeak To-morrow Morning at Eight o' Clock ;---and that Time was accordingly appointed for the next Meeting.

# At a MEETING in Easton, Tuesday, July 26, 1757, A. M.

PRESENT,

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Efg; Governor, &c.

The Council. The fame Members of Assembly. The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others of the Inhabitants of the Province.

The same Indians.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Efq; Interpreter for the Province.

Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung.

I defired the Favour of Mr. Jacob Duché to affift Mr. Trent in taking down the Minutes.

Teedyuscung spoke to the Governor and myself, desiring us to give Attention; then directing his Speech to the King of Great-Britain, and all His Subjects, spoke as follows. Brother,

O U remember that you fent to me to come down to you, and invited me to bring down with me as many of the *Ten Nations* as I could, by Reafon of the Difficulty of the Times. You then faid to me, Brother, you are weak, I am ftrong: If you come down, I will put away all the Difference and Uneafinefs that has happened, and will make a lafting Peace. Now, as I have brought fome from each of the *Ten Nations* with me, I would have you remember your Promife, and exert your Power. Alfo, remember our Women and Children, that it may be well hereafter. Alfo, as you must remember the Blood that has been fhed, and the dead Bodies that lie fcattered up and down, I would have you join with me to remove thefe out of the Way, that we may fee one another Face to Face, and after this we will proceed to other Bufinefs.

#### Brother,

As you are a great deal ftronger than I, you must exert your Power. When Differences arife between two Brothers, when one comes and makes Proposals of Peace, if the other does not accept them, nothing can be done. Now, as much Blood is spilt, I defire you will join with me to clear this away, and when that is done, we will proceed to other Business.

# Gave a Belt of eight Rows.

# Brother,

According to the Promife I made you, that I would invite as many of the *Ten Nations* as I could, I have now brought with me as many as I could, who are here prefent to witnefs what fhall be tranfacted; but, in order to make a lafting and durable Peace, we muft all exert our Abilities. When any Perfons are engaged to lift a great Weight out of the Way, if all do not exert their Strength, they cannot remove it; but if all join, they will eafily remove it. We, on our Parts, gather up the Leaves that have been fprinkled with Blood; we gather up the Blood, the Bodies and Bones; but when we look round, we fee no Place where to put them; but when we look up, we fee the Great Spirit above. It is our Duty therefore to join in Prayer, that he would hide thefe Things, that they may never be feen by B

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our Posterity, and that the Great Spirit would bless our Children, that they may hereafter - live in Love together; that it may never be in the Power of the evil Spirit, or any evil minded Perfons, to caufe any Breach between our Posterity.

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#### Gave a Belt of Jeventeen Rows.

## Brother,

As you remember you invited me to bring down fome of the Ten Nations, fo now fome from each of them are here present, particularly some from my Uncles the Five Nations. When we had endeavoured, as much as in our Power, to remove the dead Bodies, and the Mifchief past, you also invited me to come and take hold of your Hand. We accordingly now come, and take hold of one of your Hands, and the Five Nations also come and take hold of the other Hand, that we may all ftand together as one Man with one Heart. This now being done, when we look up, and fee the clear Light, we shall enjoy it; we shall also enjoy, in Peace and Quietnefs, what the Land produces ; and we shall enjoy the Comforts of the Day, and the Comforts of the Night; we shall lie down in Peace, and rife in Peace. Gave a Belt of twelve Rows, strung on Cords.

# Brother,

The Reason of this great Cloud of Mischief that has been past is, that our old Standers, or Forefathers, never took regular Methods to have a lafting Peace : They never looked forward for their Children: They only had a View of this that decays, and what lies round about upon the Earth. When they came into Council, they only talked about the Things on the Earth, that are foon gone. They ought to have looked forward, and to have made fuch Agreements on both Sides, that their Children after might never difagree. And as we see their Mismanagement, let us do better, that we, as long as we live, may be faithful, and that by this our Meeting together our Children hereafter may enjoy a lafting Peace. Gave a Belt of eleven Rows.

# Brother,

You remember, according to your Orders, that Meffengers have been fent to carry your Meffages to diftant Parts among us, in order to promote this good, this important Work of Peace, on which our Lives depend. One of these Messensers is now in a dangerons Condition, being shot by one of your young Men. Do not be too much grieved; but as I defire to be used with Justice, according to your Laws, I infist, if this young Man die, that the Man who shot him may be tried by your Laws, and die also, in the Presence of some of our People, who may witnefs it to all the Nations, that their Brethren the English have done them Justice. And if any Thing of the like Kind should happen on our Parts, we will do you the fame Justice ; that is, if any of our People shall murder any of yours, we will deliver up the Murderer, to be tried by your Laws. And as the Relations of the young Man must be grieved, I defire, as you have it in your Power, that you would remove the Grief A String. and Sorrow from their Hearts.

The Governor then acquainted Teedyuscung, that we would take into Confideration what he had now faid; and when we were ready to give an Anfwer, we would let him know.

As we were rifing the King, by his Interpreter, told me, that what he had now faid was of great Importance; he defired therefore we would take Time to confider it well; that he would wait with Patience till we were ready to give him an Anfwer.

At a MEETING in Easton, Wednesday, July 27, 1757, A. M.

N S E Т, E P R

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Esq; Governor, &c.

The fame Members of Allembly. The Council. The Provincial Commissioners. A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others of the Inhabitants of the Province. The same Indians. Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Esq; Interpreter for the Province. Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung.

The Governor opened the Conference by asking Teedyuscung if he was ready, and letting him know that Mr. Croghan, the King's Agent, joined him in the Speeches he was going to make, and then Spoke as follows.

Brother,

7 OUR Memory ferves you faithfully, with Respect to what was promised by each of us in the laft Conferences.

Our warmest Acknowledgments are due to you for your just Performance of your Engagements. You have made known our good Difpofitions far and wide. You have brought down

down your Uncles, and fome of each of the other Nations with whom you are joined. We are pleafed to obferve they have hearkened to you, and are come fo well difpofed to conclude and eftablifh a firm and durable Peace. We return you very hearty Thanks in Behalf of His Majefty King GEORGE, the People of this Province, and all His other Subjects. *Gave a Belt.* 

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#### Brother,

We are fenfible with you, that unlefs we both exert the utmost of our Strength, we shall not be able to accomplish the great Work we are mutually engaged in.

Whilst we see the dead Bodies of our People lying uncovered, and exposed to ravenous Birds, it is against Nature, and all the Principles of Religion and Humanity, to proceed to the Confirmation of Peace.

We therefore, in Conjunction with you, diligently fearch for, and collect together, not only their dead Bodies and fcattered Bones, but the very Leaves, Grafs, and every Thing elfe that their Blood has touched; and join with you in looking up to Heaven, from whence the God of Peace beholds with Delight our Advances to Reconciliation, Concord and Unity. We pray he may caft a Veil over all that has happened in these unhappy Times, that it may be no longer remembered. We supplicate his Almighty Goodness to pardon all that is past. We pray him to dispose all the People of this, and the succeeding Generations, to the latest Posterity, to live in Love together. We entreat he will never permit the evil Spirit to enter so far into our Hearts, or evil minded Men so far into our Councils, as to interrupt the Course of Friendship, or blass the smalless the first of Peace.

#### Gave a Belt.

# Brother,

Having now collected the dead Bodies, we agree with you to ftand together, English and Indians, as one Man, with one Heart; we lay hold with you, your Uncles, and the Ten Nations, of the Belt of Friendship; we hold it fast with all our Strength. We bring with us all the Sincerity and Warmth of honest and upright Hearts. We rejoice to behold again the Light of the Sun shining in a clear Sky. We promise ourselves that, with the Blessing of the good Spirit, your Endeavours, united with ours, will be able to secure to us, and to our Children, and Childrens Children, durable Peace and Happiness, so that we may quietly enjoy the various Comforts of Life with which this fruitful Country abounds, and may sheep in Peace.

#### Gave a Belt.

# Brother,

Though our Forefathers and yours might make fome Miftakes, and might not fee far enough into the Confequences of fome of their Meafures, yet in general we can truly fay, they were ever kindly difpofed to one another ; they were open and upright in their Intentions; they lived together in perfect Peace, and the mutual Exchange of good Offices.

It is very commendable in you to remind us that they have not been altogether regular, but confined their Views to the then prefent Times, and to the Intereft of their own Generation, not fo much confulting as they fhould have done the Good of future Generations. We fhall be glad to join with you in promoting one general Intereft, that may extend to the lateft Pofterity. We will lay afide all narrow partial Regards, and put Matters on a lafting Foundation, and endeavour to exceed our Anceftors, not only in the Goodnefs of our Meafures, but in a more careful and exact Manner of doing Bufinefs.

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#### Gave a Belt.

# Brother,

We have obferved what you fay, with refpect to one of your Meffengers. The Accident grieves us. In fuch Times, *Indians* fhould not go fingle, or into inhabited Parts, without proper Paffports and Efcorts.---We have carelefs and unthinking Men amongft us; we have bad Men too, who have mifchievous Hearts. The Man who is fuppofed to have committed this Act is in Goal, and (in cafe the Meffenger dies) fhall be tried by our Laws, which require Blood for Blood, in the Prefence of fuch *Indians* as you fhall appoint to attend the Trial, of which you fhall have due Notice. It is a Matter firmly fettled, by repeated Treaties, between us and the *Indians*, that whenever an *Englifhman* kills an *Indian*, or an *Indian* kills an *Englifhman*, the Murderer, or Perfon offending, fhall be tried by our Laws, in the Prefence of , both Nations.

# Gave a String.

## Brother Mofes Tetamy,

You are the Father of the young Man who has been unfortunately wounded. It gives us great Concern that any Thing of this Kind should happen. We have employed the most skilful Doctor we have amongst us to take Care of him, and we pray that the Almighty would bless the Medicines that are a ministered for his Cure. We by this String of Wam1757.

pum remove the Grief from your Heart, and defire no Uneafinefs may remain there. We have affured our Brother *Teedyuscung*, that strict Justice shall be done on the Trial, and we choose that you yourself should be a Witness of it.

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Gave a String.

# At a MEETING in Easton, Thursday, July 28, 1757, P. M.

# P R E S E N T,

# The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Esq; Governor, &c.

The Council. The fame Members of Affembly. The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others of the Inhabitants of the Province.

> Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown. CONRAD WEISER, Efq; Interpreter for the Province.

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Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung. TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of

the Ten Nations he represents.

# Teedyuscung addressing bimself to the Governor, Spoke as follows.

Brother,

DESIRE in a few Words to recollect what you told me the other Day, that the Great King, beyond the Water, had appointed a Man to overfee the Affairs of the Indians, viz. Sir William Johnfon, who has nominated Mr. Croghan his Deputy. I am glad to hear this News, and to fee the Man that is appointed. I hope, Brother, that it will be well accepted by both of us. It is our Duty to refpect the Perfon that the King has appointed, and with Sincerity of Heart to join together, that as the prefent Bufinefs is well begun, it may end fo. I hope he will execute his Commiffion with Juffice. According to your Defire, what you mentioned in the laft Treaty, and what you have faid now, I will anfwer in a few Words; and we hope Mr. Groghan will be faithful to fee Juffice done on both Sides in the Name of the King.

## Gave a String.

# Brother,

After I have opened the Paffage from your Heart and Mind, that you may fee and understand, by this Belt I defire you may fully underftand what I now fay. It is plain the Proceedings of our Ancestors were shorter than they ought to have been, in Respect and Behalf of their Children; and also their own everlasting Peace in the World to come. You may eafily fee the Reafon of the gloomy and dark Days; they have proceeded from the Earth. Our Mifunderstanding or Mifmanagement has proceeded from the Earth, as well as our Differences and Grievances that have passed and repassed. Though it was not the principal Caufe that made us strike our Brethren the English, yet it has caufed the Stroke to come harder than it otherwife would have come. Now it lies much in your Power to look ftrictly into your Hearts, as we always prefer and acknowledge you above us in Abilities, Strength and Knowledge. And as it lies a great deal in your Power to know whether what I have faid be true or not, it depends much on you, Brother, that it may be openly and publickly declared and published to the Province or Provinces under the Government of the Great King, both to his Satisfaction, and to the Satisfaction of those appointed to manage this Affair .--- Brother, now as we have met together Face to Face to fpeak with great Sincerity, I will endeavour to lay every Thing plain before you, not to cover one Part, but to lay every Thing before you, that you may fee plainly, in order that we may have true Satisfaction from one another, and that what may be proved to be our Right and Due, may be established for ever in a durable and lafting Peace.

## Gave a Belt.

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# Brother,

I would defire alfo that you would look with all Diligence, and fee from whence our Differences have fprung. You may eafily fee they have fprung from the Land or Earth, which was mentioned before, though it was not the principal Thing. If regular Methods had been formerly taken for an Habitation or Refidence for the poor *Indians* in this Land, this would not have come to pass. Now as it lies much in your Power to fearch particularly into what was mentioned before, with refpect to the Land, which was the Caufe of our Differences,

# if I now can prevail with you, as I hope I shall, honestly to do what may be confistent with Justice, then I will, with a loud Voice, speak, and the Nations shall hear me. Then it depends on you, Brother, as I shall speak with a loud Voice, and as you are of greater Abilities than I, to affist me, that what I speak to the Nations may be true, and that when I have made Proclamation with a loud Voice, by your Affistance, the Nations may hear and receive it with great Joy.

# Gave a Belt.

Mr. John Pumpshire, being asked to explain what was meant by the first Part of this Speech, he faid, the Meaning was this: The Land is the Cause of our Differences; that is, our being unhappily turned out of the Land, is the Cause: And though the first Settlers might purchase the Land fairly, yet they did not act well, nor do the *Indians* Justice; for they ought to have referved some Place for the *Indians*. Had that been done, these Differences would not have happened.

# Brother,

I have now in a few Words to let you know what my Inclination and Defire is, agreeable to what I have faid. I now put it into your Power to make a lafting Peace, and that I may have my reafonable Enjoyment from this Land; as we are fenfible that this Land was made by that Almighty Power that has made all Things, and has given this Land to us. I was the firft to whom he gave it; and as it pleafed him to convey you to us, and unite us in Friendfhip in the Manner already mentioned, which was well known by our Anceftors, it is now in your Power, and depends entirely on your Care and faithful Diligence, that it may not be broken as it has been; and if it be broken, it will be owing to you. I think it is my Duty to mention to you in publick, that I will comply with all Submiffion. This I afk, that I may have fome Place for a Settlement, and for other good Purpofes, in which we may both agree; but as I am a free Agent as well as you, I muft not be bound up, but have Liberty to fettle where I pleafe.

# Gave a Belt of nine Rows.

*Teedyufcung* informed the Governor, that he had done for this Time, and left it to the Governor's Pleafure to appoint a Time to anfwer him.

As the Governor had by Letter informed me, that *Teedyufcung*'s Speech appeared to him dark and confused, and defired me to call a Meeting in private with the *Indians*, and know what they meant; I accordingly, on the 30th of *July*, at Five a Clock in the Morning, fent for the King, and some of his Counfellors, and defired them to call a Council, and confider well the Speeches the King had made, and afterwards to explain them to me. At Half after Nine o' Clock, King *Teedyufcung*, with *Jepifcaubunb*, *Epoweyowallund*, *Penawagbwottind*, *Lepaghpetund*, *Kubtanamaku*, *Jangepapawey*, *Weneywalika*, his Counfellors, and *John Pumpfhire*, Interpreter, met at my Houfe, and explained his Speeches as follows.

The Complaints I made last Fall, I yet continue. I think fome Lands have been bought by the Proprietary, or his Agents, from Indians who had not a Right to fell, and to whom the Lands did not belong. I think alfo, when fome Lands have been fold to the Proprietary by Indians who had a Right to fell to a certain Place, whether that Purchafe was to be meafured by Miles or Hours Walk, that the Proprietaries have, contrary to Agreement or Bargain, taken in more Lands than they ought to have done, and Lands that belonged to others. I therefore now defire that you will produce the Writings and Deeds by which you hold the Land, and let them be read in publick, and examined, that it may be fully known from what Indians you have bought the Lands you hold, and how far your Purchafes extend, that Copies of the Whole may be laid before King GEORGE, and published to all the Provinces under his Government. What is fairly bought and paid for I make no further Demands about : But if any Lands have been bought of *Indians* to whom these Lands did not belong, and who had no Right to fell them, I expect a Satisfaction for these Lands. And if the Proprietaries have taken in more Lands than they bought of true Owners, I expect likewife to be paid for that. But as the Perfons to whom the Proprietaries may have fold these Lands, which of Right belonged to me, have made fome Settlements, I do not want to diffurb them, or to force them to leave them, but I expect a full Satisfaction shall be made to the true Owners for these Lands, though the Proprietaries, as I faid before, might have bought them from Perfons that had no Right to fell them.

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With refpect to our Settlement, we intend to fettle at Wyoming, and we want to have certain Boundaries fixed between you and us; and a certain Tract of Land fixed, which it fhall not be lawful for us or our Children ever to fell, nor for you, or any of your Children, ever to buy. We would have the Boundaries fixed all round, agreeable to the Draught we C

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give you, that we may not be preffed on any Side, but have a certain Country fixed for our own Ufe, and the Ufe of our Children for ever.

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And as we intend to make a Settlement at *Wyoming*, and to build different Houfes from what we have done heretofore, fuch as may laft not only for a little Time, but for our Children after us; we defire you will affift us in making our Settlements, and fend us Perfons to inftruct us in building Houfes, and in making fuch Neceffaries as fhall be needful; and that Perfons be fent to inftruct us in the Chriftian Religion, which may be for our future Welfare, and to inftruct our Children in Reading and Writing; and that a fair Trade be eftablifhed between us, and fuch Perfons appointed to conduct and manage these Affairs as shall be agreeable to us.

I then afked him, as Fort Augusta was within the Lands he defired to be affigned to them, whether he would acknowledge that Fortress to belong to the King of Great-Britain, for the Use of His Subjects in Pennsylvania, and all His other Subjects; and whether he would not be willing it should continue as a Trading-House, not only for the Good of us the English, and the Nations he represents, but of all the Nations that now are, or may be hereafter, in Alliance with us; and whether he will not engage, in Conjunction with the English, to defend it against any of His Majesty's Enemies that may come against it ?

To which the King, in Behalf of the Nations he reprefents, replied, That he agrees that that Fort shall belong to the *English*; that it shall continue as a Trading-House; and he and his People, in Conjunction with their Brethren the *English*, engage to defend it against any of His *Britannick* Majesty's Enemies that shall come to attack it.

At a MEETING in Eafton, Sunday, July 31, 1757, P. M.

P R E S E N T,

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Efg; Governor, &c.

The Council. The fame Members of Affembly. The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Efq; Interpreter for the Province.

Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung.

TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of the Ten Nations he represents, and a great Number of others.

King Teedyuscung defired that (before the Governor spoke) what passed between him and me in a private Conference Yesterday should be read in publick, which was accordingly done, and interpreted to the Six Nations.

# Then the Governor made the following Speech.

Brother Teedyuscung, and Brethren Sachems and Warriors of the Ten Nations,

T gives me Pleasure to hear you declare your Satisfaction at the Appointment our Great King has been pleased to make of Sir *William Johnson* to be the Superintendent of the Affairs of the *Indians*, and that Sir *William* had appointed Mr. *Croghan* to be his Deputy; and further, to hear you so fully and openly acknowledge it to be the Duty of both of us to respect the Person whom the King has thought fit to entrust with so important a Commission. I thank you for these dutiful Expressions, and do not in the least doubt but they come from the Bottom of your Hearts.---I affure you, Brethren, I shall heartily join my Endeavours to yours, that the good Work of Peace, so well begun, may be happily finissed to our mutual Satisfaction.

# Gave a String.

# Brother,

You fay that the Proceedings of our Anceftors were fhorter than they ought to have been, in Refpect and Behalf of their Children; and also of their own everlasting Peace. Brother, our Ancestors of this Province have been always esteemed a good, honest and wise People, and have always been distinguished for their brotherly Love and kind Treatment of the Indians, Indians, and their upright Dealing with them in their Publick Transactions. You say that the Caufe of our Differences proceeded from the Land, and advife us to look ftrictly into our Hearts for the Truth of this. Brother, we have, according to your Defire, looked into our Hearts, and are not fenfible that any of our Transactions with the Indians, either with Refpect to Land, or otherwife, could have given Reafon for the unhappy Breach betwen us: You have been to honeft as to declare on all Occasions, that the Land was not the principal Caufe why you ftruck us, but was only a Reafon why the Stroke came the harder on us. As, then, it was not the Caufe of our first Differences, it ought not to be any Obstacle to an immediate Conclusion of the Peace, which we are now met together with fuch good Intentions to eftablish. However we may differ in Opinion about Matters of Property, these are triffing Confiderations, compared to the important Affair of uniting together in the firm Bands of Friendship. Let us therefore for the present suspend them, and all Matters of less Moment, and apply ourfelves in the first Place heartily to the Great Work of Peace, fo much wifhed for by both of us, and put Things on fuch a Footing, that the Great King over the Waters, and His Subjects, and all the Indians, shall be pleafed with it.

#### Gave a Belt:

1757.

# Brother,

You fay, that if you can prevail with us to do you Justice in your Complaint about Land, you will then with a loud Voice fpeak, and the Nations thall hear you. Brother, I must now inform you, that immediately after our last Treaty, I sent to the Proprietaries a Copy of the Complaints you then made of their defrauding you of your Lands, and received their Anfwer to it fome Days before I fet out to meet you here, wherein they express the greatest Concern that you, who they conceive have been fo well treated both by their Father, William Penn, and themfelves, should charge them with Crimes of so heinous a Nature as Fraud and Forgery, by which their Reputation (which to them and every honeft Man is dearer than Life itfelf) is fo deeply wounded. Your Complaint has likewife been laid before the King's Ministers, who, looking upon it as a Matter of great Importance, determined that it should be carefully enquired into, and examined, before fome Perfon no ways concerned in Interest, on whofe Honefty and Judgment they could depend; and therefore appointed Sir William Johnson to hear the Particulars of your Charge, and the Proprietary's Defence, and lay the whole Matter before His Majefty for his Royal Determination, in order that he may do you Juffice himfelf, if you are injured. Our great King looks on you as His Children; and therefore His Ministers have directed the same Method to be taken in hearing the Merits of your Complaint, as is used among His own Subjects, with this Difference only, that their Difputes are finally fettled by Judges appointed for that Purpofe; whereas, in your Cafe, His Majesty will determine it himself.

Before I received the Orders of His Majesty's Ministers, that your Complaints should be heard before Sir William Johnson, I fully intended, at this Meeting, to call on the Proprietaries Agents to answer the Charge you made against them, and to have the Matter strictly enquired into; but as I am the King's Servant, and bound by Duty as well as Inclination to obey His Orders, and His Majefty's Deputy Agent, Mr. Croghan, who is now prefent, informs me he has no Power to fuffer any Altercations on this Complaint, and that he does not think it would be for the Good of His Majesty's Service, I must refer you on this Occafion to Sir William Johnfon, to whom I shall fend proper Persons to represent the Proprietaries, with Records, Deeds and Evidences, to shew the Justice of their Title at any Time he shall appoint, of which he will give Notice to you, and all Persons concerned. As that Gentleman is known to be a good Friend to the Indians, and a Man of Honour and Integrity, it gives me great Pleafure to find he is well approved of by you, and I do not doubt but you will most chearfully agree to leave the Examination of your Claims to him, and concur in the Method His Majefty has directed for fettling our Differences, in which you will be certain of having ftrict Justice done you.

# Gave a Belt.

#### Brother,

I could give you many Inftances of the great Affection and Regard the Proprietaries have for you, and all the Indians; and that they fet a far greater Value on your Friendship, than on any private Interest or Advantage to themselves; they have lately given to you and the World a most convincing Proof of this. You no Doubt have heard, that the Proprietaries, about three Years ago, at a general Meeting of the Six Nations, held at Albany, fairly and openly purchased of them a great Country, lying on the West Side of the River Sasquebannab; but upon its being reprefented, that fome of the Indian Tribes were diffatisfied with the Extent of that Grant beyond the Allegheny Hills, the Proprietaries chearfully agreed to furrender, and give up again to the Indians, the Lands Westward of those Hills, and have given their Agents Orders to release it to them at the proposed Meeting before Sir William Johnson, and to fettle Boundaries with them.

Gave a Belt.

Brother,



Brother, I have confidered what you faid about a Settlement for yourfelves and your Polterity, and am informed by Mr. Croghan, that Wyoming is the Place you would chufe to fettle at.

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# Brother,

The Proprietaries have never granted away any Lands, though within the Limits of this Province, without first purchasing them of the Indians; and having never bought of them the Lands between Shamokin and Wyoming, they have therefore never laid Claim to them under any Indian Purchafe, and expresly defire this may be told to the Indians, left evil-difpofed Perfons should have suggested any Thing to the contrary ; and, in the Name of the Proprietaries, I now difclaim all fuch Right, of which I would have you take Notice. I am pleafed you have made Choice of that Place; it is perfectly agreeable to me, and I affure you I will heartily concur with you in using all the Means in my Power to have these Lands settled upon you and your Posterity, agreeable to your Request. As to the other Purposes for which you defire this Settlement of Lands, they are fo reasonable, that I make no Doubt but, on my Recommendation of them to the Affembly, they will chearfully enable me to comply with them.

Gave a Belt.

# Brother,

I have now anfwered the Speeches you made me the other Day, and, I hope, to your Satisfaction, as I agree with you to fubmit the Differences about Lands to the Great King, which is your own Defire. I now affure you that I am heartily disposed and ready, with the King's Deputy Agent, to confirm the Peace which you and I have been for fome Time taking Pains to establish.

At a MEETING with the Indians in Eafton, on Monday, August 1, 1757, P. M.

E S N Т, E P R

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY; Efq; Governor, &c.

The fame Members of Affembly. The Council.

The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Esq; Interpreter for the Province.

Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung,

TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of the Ten Nations he reprefents, and a great Number of others.

Teedyuscung addreffing himself to the Governor, Spoke as follows.

# Brother, the Governor,

Y this Belt (holding up a Belt) I remember what you faid Yefterday in the Evening. All was well accepted, and very good, only one Word, or one material Thing. When the feveral different Nations of us, that call ourfelves the Ten Nations that are prefent, 1 mean the Counfellors, had confidered what you faid, we approved all except one Thing. Alfo this Morning early, when we came to fit down by ourfelves, and our Secretary with us, when we had done, and had fully underftood one another, and agreed on every Word, we then ordered our Secretary to write it down .--- [John Pumpshire faid, I will just mention this in Addition; we ordered him to read it over three or four Times, and approved it.]---Having done that, we have the Words already written down, and if it pleafe the Governor to hear it read, this that is written down is what was concluded on.

The Governor, in Anfwer, told him, Brother, you know that this is quite a new Method, and was never practifed before.

Brother, it is true, replied Teedyuscung, you are right; this was not formerly practifed; it never used to be fo. Don't you see that I aim, by having a Clerk of my own, to exceed my Anceftors, by having every Thing for the beft. I endeavour, according to my Ideas, to look to those that have the Authority; as for Instance, if they take up 2 Handful of Corn or Pebbles, Pebbles, if they drop any, even one Grain, I will take Notice, and will speak of it, that 1757.

The Governor then applied to Mr. Croghan, to know whether this had ever been practifed in any Treaty; Mr. Croghan faid it never was, and turning to the King, faid, Brother, this is quite a new Method, and what was never before practifed. I well know the Indians have good Memories, and can remember what was transacted twenty Years ago, as if Yesterday, I should therefore be glad the King would repeat himself what he has to fay, as we are only treating with him. Then Teedyuscung replied, Well, Brother the Governor, what we have confulted and concluded on this Morning is this; I remember you told me laft Night, that what was transacted last Fall, was laid before the King's Ministers; and we took particular Notice that you told us, that fome Time before you came from Philadelphia, you fully intended to make all Satisfaction to me at this Treaty about Lands and Deeds; but that you received a Letter, or Letters, from the King or Proprietaries, I am not certain which, you know best; in Confequence of which, you told us that you could not act in this Affair, but that Sir William Johnson was appointed to transact Indian Affairs, and Mr. George Croghan was appointed to act in his Name. We remember very well, when we had a private Conference with you at your Dwelling, that you and Mr. Croghan role up, shook Hands with me, and you told us, this was the very Man that was appointed to act between the English and Indians. Now, in Confideration of these Things, why should we be obliged to go to Sir William Johnson to have the Proof of Lands and Deeds examined by him, when there is nothing in the Way, the Land Affair not being to be compared with the great Work of Peace, and fhould not be any Hindrance to our making a League of Friendship.

Now I will give you my Reafons for not going.

In the first Place, I do not know Sir William Johnson; he may be an honest and fincere Man. We do understand he treats his Indians very well; but we are fensible that fome of the Nations are there that have been inftrumental to this Mifunderstanding, in felling Lands in this Province, having in former Years usurped that Authority, and called us Women, and threatened to take us by the Foretop, and throw us afide as Women. But, after a long Space, I believe it is evident, nay, there are Witneffes prefent, who can prove that it is otherwife. Alfo, when I have confidered these feveral Particulars, as you told us there was nothing in the Way to hinder us from confirming a durable and lafting Peace, I at prefent defire nothing at all of my Brethren the English for my Lands, I only want, for the Satisfaction of the Indians of the Ten Nations prefent, and allo of all other Indians, that the Deeds may be produced, and well looked into; and as you have told me that Mr. George Croghan was the Man that would fettle Affairs for our Peace, here he is; I want nothing but to fee the Deeds fairly looked into, and true Copies of them taken and put with thefe Minutes now taken. And, after they have been fairly taken down, if you agree to this, then I shall, by two Belts tied together, take you by the Hand, and, with my Uncles, confirm a lafting Peace with you; and if it pleafe the Governor, and Mr. Croghan, let the Copy of the Deeds be fent to Sir William Johnson, and to the King, and let him judge. I want nothing of the Land till the King hath fent Letters back; then if any of the Lands be found to belong to me, I expect to be paid for it, and not before. Brother, another Reafon for not going is, if we cannot agree to fettle this Affair here, I am afraid the Nations that are watching and looking into what is done here, will have Reafon to think we have not acted an honeft Part, as they expect a real, true and lafting Peace will be fettled here. I am alfo concerned on Account of our Women and Children back, and of our Brethren the English on the Frontiers. For these now present, who it was expected would go Home with great Joy, will go Home with their Finger in their Mouth, as every Body expected this would be the Time of confirming a real and lafting Peace. I told you I would proclaim with a loud Voice, and those prefent are Witnesses to what I faid, and will not be easy if this is not done. I think nothing hinders us at all.

As you told us you had Letters from the King, or Proprietaries, I defire they may be produced and read, and put down with the Minutes. Now this is the Conclusion, and in Confirmation of what I have faid, I give you this Belt. Gave a Belt.

The King further faid, I defire also that a Copy of what passed in private between you and me, may be given to be entered with these Minutes, and that it may be read in publick at our next Meeting.

As foon as the Meeting was over, I told the Governor, the Good of His Majefty's Service required, that *Teedyufcung*'s Requeft of having the Deeds and private Conferences read, and Copies of them given him, with a Copy of fo much of the Proprietaries Letters as relate. to having the Enquiry made by Sir *William Johnfon*, fhould be granted. D

# Easton, August 2, 1757.

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TEEDYUSCUNG, with three Nanticokes, who arrived Yesterday, and three of his Council, came to me at my Lodgings, and defired I would hear what those Nanticokes had to say. Upon which the Nanticoke Chief made the following Speeches.

# Brother,

HE chief Man of the Nanticokes has fent me here, to fee the Governor and you; and defired me in his Name to wipe the Tears from your Eyes, which those troublefome Times may have occafioned; and I do it with this String of Wampum.

A String.

# Brothers,

You may have fwallowed, fince these Troubles arose, something bitter, which has given your Heart fome Uneafinefs : I, with this String of Wampum, remove all Grief from your Hearts, that your Minds may be as easy as they were in Times of Peace.

A String.

## Brothers,

I fee a great deal of Blood spilt; I, with this String, clean the Blood from off your Beds, that you may fleep eafy, and from off your Council Seats, that you may fit with Pleafure in Council with your Brethren; and with this Feather I open your Ears, which the great high Winds may have stopped, that you may hear what your Brothers may fay to you.

# Brothers,

We must confider, and think it was not the good Spirit that has occasioned this Disturbance; no, it was the evil Spirit that furely occafioned all this Mischief, and I hope God will direct us to do every Thing in our Power to affift in the Good Work of Peace, that we may be once more united together, and live in Friendship, as the good Spirit has ordered us.

#### Brothers,

I am come here to this Council Fire with our Coufins the Delawares and you, to give all the Affistance I can to the good Work of Peace, and to join my Coufin Teedyuscung, and the Six Nations, to gather up the dead Bodies and scattered Bones together, and will join in Prayer to the good Spirit to hide them; and when the Peace is confirmed, I will put both my Hands into the Chain of Friendship with you, and our Cousins the Delawares and the Six Nations; to confirm my Words, I give this String of Wampum.

Gave a String.

At a MEETING with the Indians in Easton, on Wednesday, August 3, 1757, A. M.

> Τ, S E N P E R

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Esq; Governor, &c.

The fame Members of Affembly. The Council. The Provincial Commissioners. A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province. Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown. CONRAD WEISER, Esq; Interpreter for the Province. Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscungas

TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of the Ten Nations he reprefents, and a great Number of others.

The Governor told Teedyuscung, that Five o' Clock Yesterday was appointed for the Time of Meeting; but understanding that the King was then particularly engaged with fome Friends lately come in, he had deferred meeting them till this Morning.

# The Governor Spoke as follows.

Brother,

HAVE well weighed and confidered what you faid to me at our last Meeting, and am forry you do not incline to go to Sir William Johnson to have your Complaints strictly enquired into, and examined by him. It is true Sir William has, for some Time past, had a general

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general Commission from the King to superintend Indian Affairs, and that he has given Mir. Croghan a Power to Act as his Deputy, under which he might have been juftified in going into an Examination as well of your Complaints as the Proprietaries Defence, had not the King's Ministers lately been pleased to direct the Hearing to be before Sir William Johnson himfelf. Though you may think yourfelves at Liberty, and may refuse to comply with these Directions, yet, as I told you before, I am the King's Servant, and obliged to obey, and cannot take upon me to go into a Defence of the Proprietaries Title at this Time: But as you fo earneftly define to fee the Deeds for the Lands mentioned in your last Treaty, that you may be fatisfied whether they are genuine, or whether the Indians who figned them had a Right to fell those Lands, I have brought them with me, and am willing to shew them to you now, or at any other Time you will appoint, and give you Copies of them, agreeable to your Request.

# Here the Deeds were laid down on the Table.

And now let all further Debates and Altercations concerning Lands reft here, till they shall be fully examined and looked into by Sir William Johnson, in order to be transmitted to the King for His Royal Determination.

## Brother,

After having now gratified you in every reafonable Request, and being fincerely defirous to re-eftablish that Friendship and brotherly Love which so happily subsisted between your Anceftors and ours, I am ready; with the King's Deputy Agent, to take hold of the two Belts you mentioned with both my Hands, and confirm a lafting Peace, and exchange them with one prepared for that Purpose, in the Name of the King of England, and all His Subjects, as foon as we can agree upon the Terms.

#### Brother,

The Orders of His Majesty's Ministers, on this Occasion, have been fignified to me by the Proprietaries, which is the proper Channel through which they should come. That you may the better understand this, it will be necessary to inform you, that the Proprietaries are Governors in Chief over this Province, and I am appointed their Deputy, with the Approbation of the Crown. When, therefore, the last Treaty was laid before the King's Ministers, they gave the Proprietaries Notice of their Refolution, that the Matter should be heard before Sir William Johnson only, to whom they would fend special Directions for that Purpose. The Proprietaries, for whom I act in this Cafe, have made me acquainted with the Ministers Orders, and defired me to regulate my Conduct by them. It would have been irregular and improper to have fent the Order itfelf to me, but I do not doubt the King's Ministers have transmitted it to Sir William Johnson, as an Authority for him to hear and examine our Differences, and that he has received it before this Time. As I could not fufpect that you would have required a Copy of fuch of the Proprietaries Letters as relate to this Matter, I did not bring them with me here; wherefore, it is not in my Power to comply with your Request, to furnish you with Copies of them; and to confirm the Truth of this, I give you this Belt of Wampum.

When the Governor had ended his Speech, he asked the King whether he would have the Deeds read now, and Copies taken. Before the King returned an Answer, he took up the Belt which the Governor had just delivered, and rifing up, spoke first to the Delawares, and then to the Five Nations; then turning to the Governor, faid.

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#### Brother,

I understand the Words you have faid here, but they are not agreeable to your Knowledge, nor a full Anfwer to what I faid. There are two Things not agreeable.

The Governor faid, Will the King pleafe to tell what thefe two Things are. No, replied the King, let the Governor find them out. The Governor faid, he did not know what the King meant; he wished he knew what Answer to make.

Teedyuscung then faid, If it please the Governor, in a few Words, what has been spoken on that Belt is as a Rumbling over the Earth, or Confusion about Lands. I did not want you to make Mention of them, when I expected an Anfwer in a loving Manner. I wanted you fhould come to the main Point, without having fo many Words with it.

As the Indians feemed very much at a Lofs about the Governor's Speech, I fpoke to the King, and told him, that the first Part of the Governor's Speech was only to inform the King that the Deeds are now produced, and Copies will be given to him, agreeable to his own Request, that they may be sent to Sir William Johnson, to be by him transmitted to the King tor 1757. t

for His Determination. This done, we in the next Place now offer to take hold of the two Belts you mentioned at the laft Meeting: That what was faid about agreeing upon Terms, only referred to the Exchange of Prifoners, and other Things ufual on making Peace; which *Teedyufcung* faid he would do after the Peace was confirmed: That in the Conclusion of his Speech, the Governor only told the King, that the Proprietaries Letters, for a Copy of which the King afked, were at *Philadelphia*, for which Reafon the Governor could not comply with what the King requefted, but that an Extract of as much of them as referred to this Affair, will be delivered to me fome Time hence: In Confirmation of which the Governor gave the Belt.

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As foon as the King heard this, he rofe up, and taking up the two Belts tied together, he fpoke as follows.

I defire you would with Attention hear me. By these two Belts I will let you know what was the ancient regular Method of confirming a lasting Peace. This you ought to have confidered, and to have done; but I will put you in Mind. You may remember, when you took hold of my Hand, and led me down, and invited my Uncles, feveral of whom are present, with some from each of the Ten Nations, when we had agreed we came down to take hold of one of your Hands, and my Uncles came to take hold of the other Hand. Now, as this Day and this Time is appointed to meet and confirm a lafting Peace, we, that is, I and my Uncles, as we ftand, and you, as you ftand in the Name of the Great King, three of us standing, we will all look up, and by continuing to observe the Agreements by which we shall oblige ourselves one to another, we shall see the clear Light, and Friendship shall last to us, and our Posterity after us, for ever. Now, as I have two Belts, and Witnesses are present who will speak the same, by these Belts, Brothers, in the Presence of the Ten Nations, who are Witneffes, I lay hold of your Hand (taking the Governor by the Hand) and brighten the Chain of Friendship that shall be lasting; and whatever Conditions shall be proper for us to agree to, may be mentioned afterwards: This is the Time to declare our mutual Friendship. Now, Brother the Governor, to confirm what I have faid, I have given you my Hand, which you were pleafed to rife and take hold of; I leave it with you. When you pleafe, I am ready. Brother, if you have any Thing to fay as a Token of confirming the Peace, I shall be ready to hear; and as you arose, I will rise up, and lay hold of your Hand. Gave two Belts tied together. To confirm what I have faid, I give you thefe Belts.

The Governor faid, that he and I would be ready to give an Anfwer prefently.

Then the King taking out another Belt, faid, If the Governor pleafe, I have a Word or two more to fay to you. In remembering the old ancient Rules of making Friendship, I remember I was formerly represented as a Woman by my Uncles, the Six or Five Nations; but they gave me a Pipe, and good Tobacco; those present know it to be true; and what I fay is in Behalf of all those present, and those afar off. That Pipe and good Tobacco of Friendship, I now deliver to you. Brother, when you shall so that good Tobacco, it will give you such a Reliss, that you shall feel it as long as the Sun shines. That very good Tobacco and Pipe that I shall deliver into your Hand, represents among us a perpetual Friendship. Now I deliver you an equal Part of it, and I delire it may be a lasting Comfort in this World, and the World to come.

• After *Teedyuscung* had confirmed the Peace in Behalf of the *Ten Nations* he represents, his Honour the Governor, and myself, confirmed it in Behalf of the King, and all His Subjects, and exchanged the Belts in the following Manner.

# Brother Teedyuscung, and all our Brethren of the Ten Nations,

We your Brethren, all His Majefty's Subjects now prefent, have heard with Satisfaction what you have faid, and with great Pleafure receive the two Belts you have given us, which will confirm a lafting Peace to us and our Pofterity, and we embrace this Meeting to exchange with you a Belt of Friendship, and take hold of you with one Hand, and of the Five Nations with the other, and confirm, in the Name of the King of Great-Britain, and all His Subjects, a lafting Peace, that may continue as long as the Sun and Moon give Light; and we hope this Day may be always held in Reinembrance by our Posterity; and we will be ready to confult with you at any Time about fettling other Matters, as you yourself have faid. We now rife and take you into our Arms, and embrace you with the greatest Pleasure as our Friends and Brethren, and heartily defire we may ever hereaster look on one another as Brethren, and Children of the fame Parents: As a Confirmation of this we give you this Belt. Gavea very large white Belt, with the Figures of three Men in it, reprefenting His Majefly King GEORGE, taking hold of the Five Nation King with one Hand, and Tecdyuicung, the Delaware King, with the other, and marked with the following Letters and Figure, G. R. 5 N. D. K. for King GEORGE, Five Nations, Delaware King.

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This done, the King again afked the Governor for a Copy of the Conferences that had been held in private, that they might be read in Publick, and entered with the Minutes. The Governor faid it was ready, and should be delivered immediately, and one was fent for it. The Governor then asked the King when it would be agreeable to him to have the Deeds read. The King faid, To-morrow Morning, between Seven and Eight a Clock; which Time was accordingly agreed on; and the Reading of the Private Conferences was deferred till that Time.

I think it neceffary to infert here the following Speech of Laboughpeton, a Delaware Chief, made to Teedyuscung at the Time he feemed at a Lofs about the Governor's Speech to him, which is as follows.

"What, has not our Brother defired you to bring us down by the Hand to make Peace? why don't you do it? We have been here thefe twenty Days, and have heard nothing but fcolding and difputing about Lands: Settle the Peace, and let all these Difputes stand till after."

As foon as the Meeting was over, I let the Governor know I could not help taking Notice, that there was one Deed relative to those Lands wanting, which is mentioned in a Treaty held by this Government with the Indians in 1728, faid there to be dated in 1718, and that I expected to fee that Deed, and have a Copy of it; and likewife Extracts of fo much of the Proprietaries Letter to him as relates to the Defire of His Majefty's Minifters, fignifying to them, that they ordered the Differences fubfifting between them and the Indians to be examined by Sir William Johnson. And that as Teedyuscung, in Answer to a Message his Honour had fent by Mr. Weifer to him Yefterday Morning (which will appear as follows) faid, that he would be contented, fo he fee all the Deeds relative to thefe Back Lands now in Dilpute, and have Copies of them, and of the Proprietaries Letter. And further faid, as foon as that was done, he would not fay one Word more about the Difputes about Lands. I then let his Honour know, as Teedyuscung had now confirmed the Peace, I expected his Honour would now furnish me with a Copy of that Deed, and the Proprietaries Letter to him.

# Easton, August 2, 1757.

"HIS Morning Teedyuscung fent Samuel Evans for me to come to him at Colonel Weifer's Lodging: I went there, and found him with five of his Counfellors, and Mr. Weifer. Upon my coming in, Mr. Weifer told Teedyufcung that he wanted to have fome Conversation with him. Teedyuscung asked him if it was by Order of the Governor. Mr. Weiser replied, it was by Confent of the Governor and Council.

Mr. Weiser then asked Teedyuscung, whether he wanted to see all the Deeds of the Province from the first Purchases, or only those relating to the Back Lands where we are. Mr. Weifer faid, the Reafon for his afking was, that he believed the whole of the Deeds were not brought up, but fuch only as were thought neceffary, and relating to his Complaint, and the late Purchafes.

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1757.

At

Teedyuscung answered, I should be well pleafed to have seen all the Deeds, as the Country to the Sea Shore was first ours; but if there be the Deeds for these Back Lands, which is the main Point, I will be contented, fo that I fee them, and have Copies of them, and of the Letters from the King's Ministers or Proprietaries; as soon as that is done, I will not fay one Word more about the Differences or Lands, but confirm the Peace as foon as that is done.

This Evening the Governor wrote me, that his Letter from the Proprietaries was in Philadelphia, Extracts of which he would give me as foon as I went to Town. And he affured me, that he would give me a Copy of the Deed mentioned in the Treaty of 1728.

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# 18 7

At a MEETING with the Indians in Easton, Thursday, August 4, 1757.

E N Τ, S Ρ R E

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Efq; Governor, &c.

The fame Members of Affembly. The Council. The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown.

CONRAD WEISER, Esq; Interpreter for the Province.

Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung.

TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, attended by feveral Chiefs and Deputies of the Ten Nations he reprefents, and a great Number of others.

HE Conferences held in Council between the Governor and King Teedyuscung were produced, and read , and to them was added, by Out of King Teedyuscung were produced, and read; and to them was added, by Order of the King, and approved by the Governor, a Paragraph relating to the King's infifting a fecond Time on having a Secretary, and the Governor's Anfwer.

The Deeds shewn Yesterday were again produced, and Teedyuscung was told, that Mr. Charles Thompson, his Secretary, had got Copies of them, and compared them with the Originals; and was asked if he chose to see the Originals. The King said, I am satisfied, as my Secretary has feen the Copies compared. If he is fatisfied that they are true Copies, I am fatisfied that they should be sent to the King for His Determination; then asked Mr. Thompfon if he had feen them compared. Mr. Thompson faid, he had feen and compared all the Deeds that were delivered Yesterday. The King then defired an Account of what Deeds were produced, which was accordingly taken, and is as follows. 1. A Paper Copy of the last Indian Purchase, 28th of Sixth Month, 1686. 2. A Release from the Delaware Indians, August 25, 1737. 3. A Release of the Indians of the Five Nations of the Lands on Safquebannab River, October 11, 1736. 4. A Release from the Six Nations of Lands Eastward to Delaware River, dated October 25, 1736, with another indorfed on it, dated the 9th of July, 1754. 5. A Deed of Release for Indian Purchase, dated the 22d of August, 1749.

Note, The above Deeds were shewn in open Council, and Copies of them delivered to Teedyuscung, which his Secretary acknowledged he had compared with the Originals, and that they were true Copies.

When this was done, the Governor spoke to Teedyuscung as follows.

Brother Teedyuscung, and all our Bretkren of the Ten Nations, As you and all His Majesty's Subjects are now united again in the firm Bands of Peace, it is our Duty to do every Thing in our Power to make each other happy; and it was stipulated at the Conferences held at this Place last Summer, that all Prisoners you had taken should be delivered up.

The Relations of those who yet remain Prisoners amongst you, have their Eyes fixed on me, expecting at my Return to fee their Friends reftored to them; but as few of them are brought down, and this will be a Bar to our Happiness, it is necessary for you to do every Thing in your Power to reftore to us, as foon as possible, all our People that remain Prifoners amongft any of your Nations; and to procure those who are among any other Tribes in Amity with you, to be fent to us.

## Brother,

It is a Rule among Nations, upon confirming a Peace, to deliver up all Prifoners on both Sides. It is the only Method we can take to convince each other of our Sincerity; and we do infift on this being done. You will be fo good, immediately on your Return, to convey them down by fome of your young Men, who shall be well rewarded for their Trouble. Gave a Belt.

When the Governor had delivered his Speech, and gave the Belt, Teedyuscung faid, I will take no other Belt but the very fame I have. Why have you done this now? Why did you 19 ]

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not do it before ? After we had finished, why do you make any Words about such Things ? This was your Duty; you ought to have done it before. If you really believed I would be faithful and honeft, you might be fure I would do it without your delivering a Belt, Now, as you have mentioned these Things, I also will mention, that you must deliver me my just Due about Lands. As you mention that your People look to you, expecting to fee their Relations fent back at this Treaty, fo the Nations that lay Claim to these Lands look to me for them. Returned the Belt.

The Governor told Teedyuscung, that he did not do this, as if he had diftrusted his Honour, the King having already given a full Proof of that, by delivering up fome Prifoners, for which he thanked him; that he only meant to put the King in Mind of his Promife.

I then told Teedyuscung, that before the Peace was concluded, when I was explaining to him the Governor's Speech, that Part of it where the Governor fays, " as foon as we can " agree upon the Terms," related intirely to the Exchange of Prifoners, and Teedyuscung faid, that fhould be fettled afterwards.

Teedyuscung then applied to his Secretary, to know if any fuch Thing had been mentioned; and being informed by his Secretary, that it was entered in the Minutes, he (Teedyufcung, then role up, and, having first confulted with his own People, and the Five Nations, fpoke as follows.

#### Brother, the Governor,

Please to hear me in few Words. What you told me I have told to my Uncles the Six Nations prefent, and also to all the Ten Nations. We have confulted on these Words that you have now fpoken: We now think they were very proper, and are very agreeable: We look on it as our Duty: Why fhould we keep your Flesh and Blood, or any of your People, when we have agreed as one, and look on one another as one, and treat one another as Brethren? After we have all confidered, and all prefent have heard, we beg your Pardon, that we forgot to give you an Anfwer immediately. As it was written down by our Clerk in the Minutes Yesterday, it must be so; and as we are now sensible this Matter was mentioned Yesterday, we accept your Words, and look on it as our Duty to answer you, and to perform; whatever shall be in our Power, we shall endeavour to do. In Confirmation of which I give you my Hand.

#### Gave the Governor his Hand,

At

After this Speech the Governor again delivered back the Belt to the King, who readily accepted it.

The Governor then told the Indians, that a Prefent was prepared, and would be delivered to them To-morrow, as a Token of Friendship.

I told Teedyuscung, that as the Business was now nearly finished with Onas, I had something to fay to him, in the Name of the King of Great-Britain, and that I would let him know when I was to fpeak to him.

After the Council broke up, the Governor fent for Teedyuscung, and fome of his Coun-

fellors, to his Lodgings, from whence we went to Mr. Vernon's, where an handfome Entertainment was provided, at which were prefent, the Governor, his Council, the Speaker, and Members of Affembly, the Commissioners and Gentlemen in Town; the Delaware King, his Counfellors, Warriors, and all the Indians, Men, Women and Children, in Number about Three Hundred. After Dinner Peace was proclaimed in Form, and the Proclamation interpreted to the *Delawares* and *Six Nations*; at the Clofe of which, the Governor, by his Secretary, expressed his Satisfaction at being one of the happy Instruments of bringing about this Peace. His Honour recommended it to all Ranks and Professions of Men, to cultivate, to the utmost of their Power, a good Understanding with the Indians, and to treat them kindly, that they may daily fee the Advantage of preferving our Friendship.

Having given this in Charge to the Freeholders prefent, he defired *Teedyu* cung to do the fame to his People, that we might on both Sides forget what was past, and live affectionately together for the Time to come. A Detachment of the *Pennfylvania* Troops was drawn up in the Front of the Company, and fired three Vollies.

The Governor afterwards continued his Entertainment, at which there was a great Chearfulnefs. At Night was a large Bonfire, and a Variety of Indian Dances.

# At a MEETING with the Indians in Easton, Friday, August 5, 1757.

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P R E S E N T,

The Honourable WILLIAM DENNY, Efq; Governor, &c.

The Council. DANIEL ROBERDEAU, Efq; Member of the Affembly.

The Provincial Commissioners.

A Number of Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown. CONRAD WEISER, Efq; Interpreter for the Province. Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung. TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, and the fame Indians as before.

1757. HIS Morning another Sheet of Council Conferences was produced, which the Governor faid was omitted to be delivered Yesterday; for which Reason they were delivered, and publickly read To-day, and ordered to be annexed to the Conferences in Council, delivered and read Yesterday.

> After this was read, *Teedyufcung* arofe and faid, Brother, I am obliged to you; I hope, as it lies in your Power, you will act for our mutual Good. I take you as a Brother. When any Thing is omitted, I hope you will mention it to me; and I likewife will mention any Thing that I find you may have forgotten. I hope we both fpeak with an honeft Heart. I truft much to my Interpreter. I thank you for making that Addition, and, in Token of Friendfhip, I give you my Hand.

## The Governor then addreffed the Indians as follows.

# Brethren,

The Peace, fo happily concluded, gives an univerfal Joy. I fhall proclaim it far and wide, that all may hear and know it. The People of this Province are difposed to observe it faith-fully, and will do the *Indians* every good Office in their Power.

Altho' we have now fo folemnly entered into this Peace with each other, yet you are fenfible there are ftill many Enemy *Indians*, who are daily doing Mifchief on our Frontiers. Yefterday I received an Account of one Woman's being killed, and four Perfons taken Prifoners, between, *Tolbao* and *Monaidy*. 'As it will therefore be very difficult to diffinguifh between our Friends and our Enemies, I fhould be glad you would favour me with your Advice how to act in fuch a Manner, as not to hurt our Friends, or fuffer our Enemies to *Gave a String*.

## Brethren,

The Governor, and People of this Province, obferve, with a brotherly Compaffion, the many Difficulties to which the *Indians* are exposed in these troublesome Times, and have therefore provided a Quantity of Goods to supply them in their Diftress. You will, on your Return Home, proclaim the Peace, Union and Friendship, which is now established between us, and let every one know, as you have Opportunity, how well disposed you have found us. Accept these Prefents, as a Testimony of the sincere Affection of us your Brethren towards you.

# To this Teedyuscung replied,

# Brother,

I am obliged to you for putting me in Remembrance of these Things. I will take them into Confideration, and To-morrow, when I am ready to give you an Answer, I will let you know. He further added,

# Brother,

There is fomething which we intended to fay before, but forgot, as we have not the Ufe of Writing. But better late than never; we will therefore mention it now. The Copy of the Deeds, and the Tranfactions of this Treaty, we entrust to our Clerk. We believe him to be an honeft Man. Every Thing is done to Perfection. We hope you will not be againft his making out a Copy, and giving it to Mr. *Ifuac Norris*, whom we also appoint for us, to transmit to the King a Copy of the Deeds and Minutes of the Treaty, that, if one should mifcarry, the other may go fafe.

On which I acquainted *Teedyufcung*, that the Governor and myfelf had no Objection to Mr. Norris's having true Copies of the Minutes of these Conferences and Deeds, to fend to the King, as he requested.

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Then, by Order of the Governor, Proclamation was made, that no One should cheat, 1757. defraud or purchase any of the Goods now ready to be given to the Indians, upon the Pain and Penalties that may fall thereon.

Then Teedyuscung faid, he had yet one Thing more to mention.

#### Brother,

I have fome Complaints to make about Lands in the Jerseys, in Behalf of myself, John Pumpshire, Moses Tetamy, and others; which Complaints are contained in these two Papers: And as you reprefent Sir William Johnson, the King's Agent here, I defire you may take them under your Confideration, and fee that Justice is done us on that Account, as it is the King's Orders to you, to see Justice done to all the Indians in these Parts.

Teedyuscung then ordered Mr. Thompson to read the Papers, and give me true Copies of. them, which he did immediately in publick Council.

The Papers delivered me are, a Copy of an old Indian Deed, and a Letter of Complaint about Lands in the Jerseys, figned by John Pumpshire; I then acquainted him, that I would take the Papers under my Confideration, and give him an Anfwer.

# Easton, August 6, 1757.

HIS Morning I expected to have had a Meeting with the Indians, but as the friendly Affociation of Quakers had called the Indians together, to deliver them a Prefent, the Indians thought proper to put off the Meeting for this Time.

After this the three Nanticoke Meffengers came to me, and congratulated the Governor and myself on the Conclusion of the Peace, and faid, they had put both their Hands into the Chain of Friendship, as they were ordered by their Chief before they left Home, and, by a String of Wampum, defired that the Governor might fend fome Perfon with them to Lancaster, to take Care of them, and supply them with Necessaries on the Road, as they were come to take the Bones of their Friends which died at Lancaster, to their own Town, to be buried with their Relations. Gave a String.

This Afternoon Packfinofa, the Shawanefe Chief, with Abraham, a Mohickon Chief, and about Fifty or Sixty of their People, came to Town. Soon after Mr. Peters, and Conrad Weifer, went to them, and, with a String of Wampum, bid them Welcome, agreeable to the ancient Cuftom of our Forefathers. Teedyuscung, and the Six Nation Chief, did the fame.

At a MEETING with the Indians in Easton, on Sunday, August 7, 1757, at Seven o' Clock in the Morning.

> P R S E E N Τ,

JOSEPH GALLOWAY, -WILLIAM MASTERS, Esquires, Provincial JOSEPH FOX, Commillioners. JOHN HUGHES,

Some Gentlemen from the City of Philadelphia, and others, the Inhabitants of the Province.

Captain THOMAS M'KEE, Interpreter for the Crown. CONRAD WEISER, Esq; Interpreter for the Province. Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter for Teedyuscung.

TEEDYUSCUNG, King of the Delawares, and his Chiefs.

PACKSINOSA, Chief of the Shawanefe. The Nanticoke Meffengers. ABRAHAM, Chief of the Mohiccons. ANAQUATEEKA, Chief of the Six Nations.

Teedyuscung, taking out the Peace Belt that had been delivered to him by the Governor and myfelf, repeated over what had been faid on it, informing Packfinofa and Abraham of the Peace concluded by him between the English and the Ten several Nations he represents, repeating over the Names of the Ten Nations.

After which I spoke to them, in the Name of Sir William Johnson, as follows. Brother Teedyuscung, and all the Chiefs and Warriors of the Ten Nations, our Friends and Brethren.

S we are now become one People, we must look on the Enemies of the one as the Enemies of the other. F

And

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And I now, in the Name of the King of Great-Britain, your Father, and my Master, defire you will turn the Edge of your Hatchet against your and our common Enemies, in Conjunction with your Uncles the Six Nations and us; and that you will not fuffer any of His Majesty's Enemies to pass through your Country to war against any of His Subjects in this or the neighbouring Colonies: And if a Body of the Enemy, fo large that you are not able to repel, should attempt to pass across your Country, I expect you will give the earliest Notice you can of it to your Brethren the English, either by Way of Fort Augusta, or any other Way you shall judge most convenient.

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### Gave a Belt.

# Brother,

You faid, as foon as the Peace should be confirmed, that you would speak with a loud Voice, and the Nations around fhould hear you. As that good Work is now happily accomplished, I defire you may proclaim it aloud, that all the Nations may hear it.

### Brother,

You must be sensible that your Brethren, the English, are the most wealthy and powerful People on this Continent, and not only fo, but the best inclined to help and affist their Brethren the Indians with the Neceffaries of Life; all this you should let the Nations know that you speak to; and I assure you, in the Name of the King of Great-Britain, and of Sir William Johnson, His Majesty's sole Agent, and Superintendent of the Affairs of the Six Nations, their Allies and Dependents, in the Northern Diffrict, that they are ready to receive with open Arms all the Nations you shall speak to, that defire to take hold of the Chain of Friendship, and be united with the Six Nations, you, and us, your Brethren the English. Gave a Belt.

#### Brother,

The Papers you delivered me Yesterday, containing your, John Pumpshire, Tundy, alias (Mofes) Tetamy, and others, Complaints of Lands you fay you have been defrauded of in the Jerseys; I affure you I will do every Thing in my Power to have a strict Enquiry made about them, and when I can get the fair State of the Cafe, I will lay it before Sir William Johnson, for him to fend to the King for His Royal Determination, unless the Difference can be fettled here to your Satisfaction.

Gave a String.

# To this Teedyuscung answered,

#### Brother,

I will, in Anfwer to what you tell me, let you know what I intend to do. I shall, Brother, as I promifed to speak with a loud Voice to the Nations, perform my Promise, and fpeak to the different Nations. I will faithfully let them know what you have promifed, and, as we are Witneffes that you are wealthy and powerful, and well difposed to affift fuch as shall come in as Brothers, I will let them know it. And also, as I think it is very proper that I should do so, and as I think it my Duty, whatever Nation I see coming against the English, whenever I fee them, I will make ready, and do every Thing in my Power to vindicate the Caufe of myfelf, and of my Brethren. If I am able, I will let them go no farther than where I tell them to ftop. If they will not, by reafonable Terms, turn about, and join with me, I will then either make an End of them, or they of me. And if there is a great Number, fo that I may not be able to withftand them, I will take all prudent Steps to let my Brethren the English know. And also, if I perceive that there is so great a Number, that it is not fafe for my Women and Children, I will acquaint my Brethren the Eng-

lish, that they may affift me in defending my Women and Children, and I will leave my Country, and bring them down to you.

Now, you may remember I was stiled by my Uncles, the Six Nations, a Woman in former Years, and had no Hatchet in my Hand, but a Peftle or Hominy Pounder; but now, Brethren, here are fome of my Uncles, who are prefent, to witnefs the Truth of this; as I had no Tomahawk, and my Uncles were always stilled Men, and had Tomahawks in their Hands, they gave me a Tomahawk. And as my Uncles have given me the Tomahawk, and appointed and authorized me to make Peace with a Tomahawk in my Hand, I take that Tomahawk, and turn the Edge of it against your Enemies the French. In Confirmation of what I now fay, I give you this String.

# Gave a String.

# Brother,

I have just a Word or two more. I remember what you have spoken, in order that we may prevent any Mifchief, by having a Signal: I should be glad that the French may not deceive us, that not one but feveral Signs and Methods may be fixed on by you. And whatever you shall think proper, I will agree to. Gave a Belt.

I then returned Teedyuscung Thanks for his kind Speech, and let him know that I would confult with the Governor about fettling the Signals, and would give him an Anfwer. Teedyuscung

Teedyuscung then taking up four Belts, and a String, spoke to his Uncles, the Six Nations, telling them, that as they had empowered him, he had, in the Prefence of these Witnesser they had fent, made a firm Peace with their Brethren the English; he, therefore, by these Belts defired, that they would perform their Part; and as they faid they would take hold of the English by one Hand, and he by the other, he had now done it. And as the Chain of Friendship was now brightened, he defired they would be strong, and if they fee any Enemies coming against us, they would look on it, that whoever strikes any one of us strikes all. These Belts he gave to Anaquateeka, and defired he would carry them to the Six Nations.

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Teedyuscung then acquainted me that he had done; whereupon Packsinosa spoke to me as follows.

#### Brother,

I heartily thank you for being fo kind as to wipe the Sweat from our Faces, picking out the Briars, and taking away all bad Thoughts from our Minds, and cleaning the Passage from the Heart to the Throat, that we may fee our Brethren, and be well from all our Wounds. By these Strings we return you Thanks. Gave a String.

# The fame he faid by another String to the Six Nations and Delawares.

Then the young Warrior, Anaquateeka, arole, and, directing his Speech to the English, and his Coufins, faid,

#### Brethren,

My Coufins have entrufted me with all that was here transacted, respecting the great Work of Peace here confirmed, to lay it before the Six Nations. I affure you I will execute the Trust reposed in me with Faithfulness, and lay it before the Six Nations, particularly before the Senecas, to whom I belong. I do not pretend to be a Counfellor : I am a young Warrior; yet the Affairs of War and Peace belong to us Warriors : And as I am entrusted, I affure you I will take Care that all the Six Nations may know what is here done.

Then his Honour the Governor, Mr. Logan, and Mr. Peters, came into Council. I acquainted the Governor, that I thought it was proper what had been transacted this Morning thould be read, and it was accordingly done ; after which the Governor addreffed Packfinola as follows.

#### Brother Packfinofa,

You have been frequently invited by this Government to come and give us the Pleafure of a Vifit. I am glad to fee you, I take you by the Hand, and bid you heartily welcome, and thank you for bringing along with you Abraham, the Mohiccon Chief; he is likewife extremely welcome. Gave a String.

#### Brother,

We have often enquired after you, and always heard you continued to be our hearty Friend, and a Lover of Peace. Sir William Johnson was kind enough to fend me an Account of the Conferences he lately held with you at Fort Johnson, and they gave me great Satisfaction.

# Brother,

With Pleafure I acquaint you, that Peace is now concluded, und it will add much to the Joy all feel on this fuccessful Issue of our Conferences; and I am glad to see you and Abraham here to take hold of the Peace Belt. Gave a Belt.

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# Brother,

We were in Hopes to have feen you with Teedyuscung when he came here. We heard you was not come, but would follow : I have staid some Time in Expectation of your Arrival. I should have been glad to have spent more Time with you, but the Business of the Government obliges me to return to Philadelphia this Afternoon, fo that you will pleafe to ufe Difpatch in letting me know any Thing you may have to fay to us.

Having finished this Speech, the Governor told Packfinofa, that fome Prefents were referved for him and his Friends, which should be delivered prefently.

# Teedyuscung then addressing himself to the Governor, Spoke as follows.

Brother,

I have a Word or two more to fay. You know when you employ your Soldiers, they are paid for their Services. As I am joined with you, you being rich, and I poor, as I am going against your Enemies, and carrying my Flesh against them, I think it would be proper, for the Encouragement of my young Men, to appoint fome Reward for Scalps, and Prifoners, and that fome Place may be fixed, where the Scalps and Prifoners may be brought in, and the Reward received, that my Men may return quickly from thence.

Then

Then the Governor faid, he would take into Confideration what he, Teedyuscung, had faid, and in Half an Hour would return an Anfwer.

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Teedyuscung further added; You may remember, when I mentioned Ifaac Norris, the Speaker, I mentioned him alone; but I did not intend to mention him alone, but that he, with the Affembly, should look into it, and fend Copies Home .--- I then told Teedyufcung, that I had no Objection to Mr. Norris, with the Affembly, fending authentick Copies of the Minutes of this Treaty, and Deeds, Home.

# Sunday, August 7, 1757.

E P E S N Τ, R

The Honourable the Governor.

WILLIAM LOGAN, } Esquires, Members of the Council.

CONRAD WEISER, Efg; Mr. JOHN PUMPSHIRE, Interpreter.

TEEDYUSCUNG. Packfinofa, Shawanefe Chief. Abraham, Mohickon Chief.

Seneca Chief. . Daniel.

A Nanticocke, and 4 other Delaware Indians.

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Teedyuscung addressed the Governor as follows.

Brother,

7 E have now finished. The Treaty is over. Peace is confirmed. I told you I thought of going to Philadelphia, but upon confidering the Matter with more Attention, I think it will be more for the publick Service if I proceed immediately to Diabogo: Many Nations will be uneafy to know what has been done at this Council-Fire, and will take their Meafures accordingly; I shall therefore make the best of my Way to Diabogo, and proclaim there, and to Nations still more distant, the Confirmation of the Peace with our Brethren the English. This will take up three or four Months; after which I may perhaps come and fee you at Philadelphia. I wish the Governor a good Journey, and that we may both live to enjoy the Fruits of this happy Peace, which gives my People great Joy.

To which the Governor returned the following Answer.

Brother Teedyuscung,

It gives me great Pleafure that we have brought the important Business we met about to fo happy an Iffue. You have very agreeably prevented my mentioning to you the Neceffity of your returning Home, in order to publish to the Indians what has been transacted here. I thank you for the Change of your Purpose: It is a further Sign of your Zeal for Peace, and I make no Doubt but you will ufe your utmost Dispatch.

In Anfwer to what you requested this Morning, I assure you that your Warriors will always find this Government ready to reward them for any Services they shall do against the Enemy. I cannot at present give you a more particular Answer, but shall lay your Proposals before the Affembly, who meet To-morrow, and confult with them thereupon.

Teedyuscung replied.

Brother, the Governor,

You have not fo much as given us a rufty Iron to defend ourfelves. If we meet an Enemy on the Road, what are we to do? We cannot defend ourfelves against him. We have nothing to do it with. Our young Warriors think as much of themfelves, and their Lives are as dear to them as white People's. But you have not given them any Encouragement to go against the Enemy. Can this be right? You know you have not. Confider this well Brother.

Further, Brother, I think it proper to tell you, if English and Indians shall go to War together, my young Men will not be subject to an English Captain; and if any of your People will go to War with me, I expect they will be fubject to my Directions: We understand our own Way of Fighting better than you.

The Governor then faid he had given Directions to Colonel Weifer to agree with him on proper Signals for the Indians, when they were coming towards the inhabited Parts of this Province, as this was a Matter that ought not to be fpoke of in Publick.

They then took a kind Leave of each other, and the Governor fet out for Philadelphia.

Compared with the Original, by

JACOB DUCHE, Affiltant Clerk to Mr. CROGHAN.